

10026540-123701

SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT WE, Takashi Suzuki, a citizen of Japan residing at 18-4-104, Nobi 4-chome, Yokosuka-shi, Kanagawa 239-0841 Japan, Toshiro Kawahara, a citizen of Japan residing at 1955-1, Ninomiya, Tsuyama-shi, Okayama 708-0013 Japan and Minoru Etoh, a citizen of Japan residing at 39-21, Noukendai-dori, Kanazawa-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa 236-0053 Japan have invented certain new and useful improvements in

CONTENT DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, COPYRIGHT
PROTECTION SYSTEM AND CONTENT RECEIVING TERMINAL

Of which the following is a specification:-

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

CONTENT DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM, COPYRIGHT
PROTECTION SYSTEM AND CONTENT RECEIVING TERMINAL

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a system
for protecting copyright of content which is a work.
More particularly, the present invention relates to
10 a work protection technology in a content
distribution system which distributes content which
is a work.

2. Description of the Related Art

In recent years, as high speed access
15 lines become widespread and internet technologies
develop, content distribution services are being
realized in which content such as images and music
are distributed via the Internet. In order to
popularize the content distribution services, it is
20 indispensable that a proper consideration is paid to
an owner of the content. For this purpose, a system
which bills a user of the content becomes necessary.

For example, Japanese laid-open patent
application No.2000-101573 discloses a content
25 distribution system which bills a user according to
usage of content. In the content distribution
system disclosed in the Japanese laid-open patent
application No.2000-101573, a server performs a
content distribution process according to a request
30 from a content receiving terminal, and the server
performs a billing process for content usage.

In a large-scale content distribution
system which is used by many users, when user
authentication, billing process and content
35 distribution process are performed by the same
server, load for performing these processes becomes
too large so that there occurs a problem in that the

40026640 122701

number of users to which content can be simultaneously distributed is decreased.

Therefore, it becomes necessary that the user authentication, the billing process and the content distribution process are performed by respective servers in order to realize load distribution. In addition, by realizing load distribution, it becomes possible that billing for the content owner and billing for the content user can be performed by different billing operators respectively so that various content distribution services become available.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide a content distribution system, a copyright protection system and a content receiving terminal which can allow constructing a large-scale system and performing proper billing.

The above object is achieved by a content distribution system including at least a content distribution server which stores and distribute content, a computer system and a content receiving terminal which receives the content from the content distribution server, the computer system including:

a content selection document generation part for generating a content selection document including content location information indicating a location of the content; and

a content selection document sending part for sending the content selection document to the content receiving terminal;

the content receiving terminal including:
a content selection document receiving part for receiving the content selection document from the computer system;

an information extracting part for

10026640-122701

extracting the content location information from the content selection document;

5 a distribution request sending part for sending a distribution request for the content to the content distribution server; and

a content receiving part for receiving the content from the content distribution server according to the distribution request.

10 In this invention, the computer system may be a copyright protection system in the after-mentioned embodiment. According to the invention, the content distribution server and the copyright protection system can be separated, and information is not exchanged between the content distribution
15 server and the copyright protection system when the content are distributed. Therefore, load of the content distribution server is decreased and a large-scale content distribution system can be constructed.

20 In the content distribution system, the computer system may further includes an encryption part for encrypting the content location information selectively, and the content receiving terminal may further includes a decoding part for decoding the
25 content location information which is encrypted.

Accordingly, since the whole of the content selection document is not encrypted and only the content location information can be selectively encrypted, efficient content billing can be
30 performed by including a plurality of items of encrypted content location information in the content selection document according to billing types.

35 In the content distribution system the content selection document generation part generates the content selection document including the content location information and location

10026640-122701

authentication information for verifying validity of the location of the content;

the information extracting part extracts the content location information and the location authentication information from the content selection document; and

the content receiving terminal further includes a validity verifying part for verifying validity of the location of the content on the basis of the location authentication information, and the distribution request sending part sends the distribution request when the location is verified to be valid.

According to the invention, since the location authentication information is sent to the content receiving terminal, the content receiving terminal can verify validity of the location of the content indicated by the content location information. Therefore, it can be prevented that the content receiving terminal accesses an invalid server for receiving illegal content so that the billing process can be performed appropriately.

In the content distribution system, the computer system may further includes an encryption part for encrypting the content location information, and the content receiving terminal further including a decoding part for decoding the content location information which is encrypted.

In addition, in the content distribution system, the encryption part may encrypt the content location information and the location authentication information into encrypted data;

the content selection document generation part generates the content selection document including the encrypted data;

the information extracting part extracts the encrypted data from the content selection

10066640-122701

document; and

the decoding part decodes the content location information and the location authentication information.

5 The above object can be also achieved by a computer system used in a content distribution system including at least a content distribution server which stores and distributes content, the computer system and a content receiving terminal
10 which receives the content from the content distribution server, the computer system including:

a content selection document generation part for generating a content selection document including content location information indicating a
15 location of the content; and

a content selection document sending part for sending the content selection document to the content receiving terminal.

The computer system may include an
20 encryption part for encrypting the content location information.

In the computer system, the content selection document generation part may generate the content selection document including the content
25 location information and location authentication information for verifying validity of the location of the content.

The computer system may further includes:
an information obtaining part for
30 obtaining content information including the content location information, and access information relating to the content information;

an encryption method selection part for selecting an encryption method for the content
35 location information on the basis of the access information;

wherein the encryption part encrypts the

10026640-122701

contents location information by using a selected encryption method.

In addition, the computer system may further includes an information obtaining part for
5 obtaining content information including the content location information, access information relating to the content information, and location authentication information for verifying validity of a location of content specified by the content location
10 information;

wherein the content selection document generation part generates the content selection document including obtained location authentication information.

15 the computer system may further includes:
a key sharing part for sharing a key used for encrypting the content location information with the content receiving terminal; and

a billing part for billing a usage fee of
20 the content specified by the content location information according to a key sharing history.

The above object can be also achieved by a content receiving terminal in a content distribution system including at least a content distribution
25 server which stores and distribute content, a computer system and the content receiving terminal, the content receiving terminal including:

a content selection document receiving part for receiving content selection document
30 including content location information from the computer system;

an information extracting part for extracting the content location information from the content selection document;

35 a distribution request sending part for sending a distribution request for the content specified by the content location information to the

10026640-122701

content distribution server; and

a content receiving part for receiving the content from the content distribution server according to the distribution request.

5

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when read in
10 conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig.1 is a figure showing a provisional content distribution system;

Fig.2 shows a configuration example of a
15 content distribution system according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig.3 shows a configuration example of a copyright protection system according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

20 Fig.4 shows a configuration example of a content receiving terminal according to the first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig.5 shows a configuration example of a content distribution system according to a second
25 embodiment of the present invention;

Fig.6 shows a configuration example of a content distribution system according to a third embodiment of the present invention;

Fig.7 shows a structure of XML-signature;

30 Fig.8 shows an example of a procedure of Element-Wise XML Encryption;

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Fig.1 shows a provisional content
35 distribution system in which load distribution is designed by separating a content distribution server and an authentication/billing server. This figure

10026640-122701

is for explaining analysis of conventional technology in terms of the present invention. In Fig.1, an authentication/billing server 200 stores content selection documents 201 which include link information to content. The content selection documents 201 are documents of HTML format for example. When the content represented by the link information is chargeable, the whole of the content selection document is encrypted. When the content is not chargeable, the content selection document is not encrypted. Then, the content selection document is sent to a content receiving terminal 100.

In the Japanese laid-open patent application No.2000-101573; if the authentication/billing server and the content distribution server are separated in the content distribution system, it is necessary to prepare content selection documents for each billing type of the content in order to perform billing for content of each user. That is, an unencrypted content selection document needs to be distributed to a user who wants free content, and an unencrypted content selection document and an encrypted content selection document need to be distributed to a user who wants both of free content and chargeable content. Therefore, the system is not very efficient.

In addition, if the authentication/billing server and the content distribution server are separated in the content distribution system disclosed in the Japanese laid-open patent application No.2000-101573, it may become a problem that an authentication mechanism for the content distribution server is not provided. For example, when link information indicating an invalid content server is embedded in the content selection document, it results in that the content receiving terminal

10026640-122701

requests the invalid server to send content so that content which are illegally copied are distributed. Therefore, a problem may arise in that proper billing becomes difficult.

5 In addition, if an authentication mechanism for the content distribution server is provided in the authentication/billing server as shown in Fig.1, information used for server authentication and the like is exchanged between the
10 content distribution server and the authentication/billing server. Therefore, there is a problem in that load of the content distribution server becomes high.

15 In the following, embodiments of the present invention will be described with reference to figures. Fig.2 shows a configuration example of a content distribution system according to a first embodiment of the present invention. The content distribution system 1000 shown in Fig.2 includes a
20 content receiving terminal 1100, a content server group 1200 and a copyright protection system 1300. Each of the content server group 1200 and the copyright protection system 1300 are connected to the content receiving terminal 1100 via a network
25 1500.

 In the content distribution system 1000, the copyright protection system 1300 encrypts and sends content location information which represents a location of content which is, for example,
30 audiovisual data. The content receiving terminal 1100 receives the encrypted content location information and decodes the encrypted content location information only when the terminal 1100 has a decoding key so that the terminal can receive
35 content by accessing the content server group 1200. In addition, in the content distribution system 1000, the copyright protection system 1300 has and sends

10026640-122701

location authentication information for
authenticating validity of location of content. The
content receiving terminal 1100 receives the
location authentication information and can verify
5 the validity of the location of the content.

The copyright protection system 1300 has a
function of generating a content selection document
1400 and sending it to the content receiving
terminal 1100. Fig.3 shows a configuration example
10 of the copyright protection system 1300 according to
the first embodiment of the present invention.

When the content receiving terminal 1100
receives content, the content receiving terminal
1100 accesses the copyright protection system 1300
15 according to a user's operation. At this time, a
terminal authenticating part 1302 authenticates the
content receiving terminal 1100 or the user of the
content receiving terminal 1100. For the
authentication, for example, an authentication
20 method by using an ID and a password which are
provided to the content receiving terminal 1100 or
to the user of the content receiving terminal 1100
can be used.

Location authentication information for
25 verifying validity of a content distribution server
1311 is added to the content location information
1308 which is generated in the copyright protection
system 1300 or which is input from outside. At this
time, a tag which indicating the location
30 authentication information is added by a location
authentication information tag adding part 1312. An
issuer of the location authentication information
can be the copyright protection system 1300, an
operator of the content distribution server, a
35 content holder or the like. However, the copyright
protection system 1300 is the issuer in this
embodiment.

10026640 "122701

10026640-122701

A method of digital signature and the like to which a public key system is applied can be used for generating or verifying location authentication information 1311. In this case, an one-way function
5 is operated on the content location information 1308, and the results of the operation is encrypted by using a secret key of the public key system so that the location authentication information 1311 is obtained. When verifying the content location
10 information 1308, the one-way function is operated on received content location information and the result is compared with received location authentication information 1311 which is decoded by a public key corresponding to the secret key. Then,
15 it is judged to be valid when they are the same and it is judged to be invalid when they are not the same. "Encryption and information security", Tujii and Kasahara, pp.130-147, for example, can be referred to for details of the digital signature.

20 A location authentication information tag adding part 1312 adds a tag (which will be called location authentication information tag) indicating location authentication information to the location authentication information 1311. An information
25 adding part 1314 adds the location authentication information 1311 and the location authentication information tag which are output from the location authentication information tag adding part 1312 to the content location information 1308.

30 An encryption part 1309 encrypts the content location information 1308 output from the information adding part 1314 by using an encryption key 1307 corresponding to the billing type of content in which the location authentication
35 information 1311 is added to the content location information 1308. In addition, the encryption part 1309 adds a tag (which will be called an encrypted

information tag) representing that the content location information is encrypted to the encrypted content location information.

DES, TDES and the like can be used for
5 encrypting the content location information. The encryption key used for encryption is shared with the content receiving terminal by a location information encryption key sharing part 1303. For sharing the encryption key 1307, a key distribution
10 algorithm of Deffie-Hellman ("Information Security Theory", Imai, et al., pp.132-135) and the like can be used. The location information encryption sharing part 1303 records sharing history of the encryption key 1307 which is shared with the content
15 receiving terminal 1100, and the location information encryption sharing part 1303 provides the sharing history to a billing part 1306.

A content selection document generation part 1310 generates the content selection document
20 by combining a plurality of items of content location information 1308 which are encrypted. A signature part 1313 adds a signature corresponding to the copyright protection system 1300 to the generated content selection document for proving
25 validity of the copyright protection system 1300 which is a source of the content selection document. A content selection document distribution part 1304 sends the content selection document to which the signature is added to the content receiving terminal
30 1100 which is authenticated by the terminal authentication part 1302.

In Fig.2, the content selection document distributed to the content receiving terminal 1100 is configured like a content selection document 1400
35 shown in Fig.2 for example. The content selection document 1400 includes an information group 1401 including content location information and location

10026640-122701

10026640 "122701

authentication information corresponding to music data and video data which are free content, an information group 1402 including content location information and location authentication information corresponding to music data and video data which are chargeable content, and a signature (content selection document signature) which verifies a source of the content selection document 1400. In the content selection document 1400, the content location information corresponding to the music data and the video data which are free content are not encrypted such that unspecified content receiving terminals can receive the free content. Only the content location information corresponding to the chargeable content is encrypted. Although the encrypted information tag and the location authentication information tag are included in the content selection document 1400 in addition to the content location information and the location authentication information, they are not shown in Fig.2.

The billing part 1306 recognizes, on the basis of the key sharing history provided from the location information encryption key sharing part 1303, the encryption key 1307 used for encrypting the content location information in the content selection document which is sent to the content receiving terminal 1100. Then, the billing part 1306 performs billing for a user of the content receiving terminal, that is, for a content user according to the billing type corresponding to the key 1307. The billing part 1306 uses identifying information of the content receiving terminal 1100 or the user which is provided from the terminal authentication part 1302 for specifying the content user. As the identifying information, an ID provided to the content receiving terminal or to the

user of the content receiving terminal can be used in which the ID is used for performing authentication of the content receiving terminal by the terminal authentication part 1302.

5 In addition to the key sharing history, the billing part 1306 can also use a distribution history in which each content server in the content server group 1200 distributed content to the content receiving terminal 1100. In this case, an access
10 information receiving part 1301 receives the distribution histories from the content distribution servers in the content server group 1200. The billing part 1306 performs billing for the users of the content receiving terminals on the basis of the
15 received distribution histories.

Results of the billing process performed by the billing part 1306 are stored in a billing information storing server 1305 as billing information.

20 By choosing the sharing history of the encryption key 1307 or the distribution history of the content for performing billing, it becomes possible to realize various billing forms. For example, by using the sharing history of the
25 encryption key 1307, a fixed-price service which allows distribution of content over and over once a fee is paid can be realized. In addition, by providing a term of validity to the content location information by using symbolic links and the like, a
30 fixed-price service of limited-time can be realized in which the user can receive the content without limit on the number of times during the term. On the other hand, when the distribution history of the content is used, a so-called pay per view service
35 can be realized in which billing is performed each time when the content distribution occurs.

Fig.4 shows a block diagram showing a

10026640-122701

configuration example of the content receiving terminal 1100 according to a first embodiment. When receiving content, a terminal authentication part 1101 performs an authentication process with the
5 terminal authenticating part 1302 by sending information necessary for performing authentication to the terminal authentication part 1302, in which the information is, for example, an ID and a password provided to the content receiving terminal
10 1100 or to the user of the content receiving terminal.

After the authentication process is performed, the content selection document 1400 is sent from the content selection document
15 distribution part 1304 in the copyright protection system 1300. A content selection document receiving part 1102 receives the content selection document 1400. A content selection document verifying part 1108 verifies validity of the content selection
20 document 1400 by verifying the signature included in the content selection document 1400. When the validity is verified, the content selection document verifying part 1108 outputs the content selection document 1400 to a content selection menu display
25 part 1110. The content selection menu display part 1110 displays a screen (content selection screen) for a user of the content receiving terminal 1100 to select the content.

The user of the content receiving terminal
30 1100 selects content which the user wants. The result of selection is received by a user selection receiving part 1111. A location information encryption decoding part 1112 extracts content location information and location authentication
35 information corresponding to the content selected by the user from the received content selection document 1400. The location information encryption

10026640-122701

10026640-122701

decoding part 1112 judges whether the extracted
content location information and the location
authentication information are encrypted on the
basis of the encrypted information tag. When they
5 are encrypted, the location information encryption
decoding part 1112 decodes the encrypted content
location information and the location authentication
information by using a key shared with the copyright
protection system 1300 by a location information
10 encryption key sharing part 1103.

A content distribution server verifying
part 1113 extracts location authentication
information from the received content selection
document 1400 on the basis of the location
15 authentication information tag. Next, the content
distribution server verifying part 1113 verifies
validity of location of content, that is, validity
of the content distribution server on the basis of
the location authentication information. Only when
20 it is judged that the content distribution server is
valid, the content distribution server verifying
part 1113 outputs the content location information
to a content distribution request part 1104. The
content distribution request part 1104 sends a
25 distribution request for the content to the content
distribution server having the content specified by
the content location information.

When the content is distributed from the
content distribution server according to the
30 distribution request, a content receiving part 1105
receives the content. A content decoding part 1114
decodes coded music data and/or video data which
form the content. Then, the content decoding part
1114 outputs a voice signal or a video signal to an
35 corresponding output device (not shown in the
figure). If the received content is encrypted, the
content encryption decoding part 1109 decodes the

encrypted content by using a key shared with the content distribution server by the content encryption key sharing part 1106, and outputs the content to the content decoding part 1114.

5 By implementing the terminal authentication part 1101, the content selection document receiving part 1102, the location information encryption key sharing part 1103, the content distribution request part 1104, the content encryption key sharing part 1106, the content encryption decoding part 1109, the location information encryption decoding part 1112, the content distribution server verifying part 1113 and the content decoding part 1114 by software or
10 hardware having tamper-proof ability, illegal operation by a user can be prevented. In addition, according to the tamper-proof ability, leakage of the content location information to the outside including a user of the content receiving terminal
15 1100 can be prevented.

According to the content distribution system of the present embodiment, the encryption part 1309 in the copyright protection system 1300 encrypts the content location information and the
25 location authentication information, the content document generation part 1310 generates the content selection document in which a plurality of items of encrypted content location information and location authentication information are combined, and the
30 content selection document distribution part 1304 sends the generated content selection document to the content receiving terminal 1100. On the other hand, the content selection document receiving part 1102 of the content receiving terminal 1100 receives
35 the content selection document from the copyright protection system 1300, the location information encryption decoding part 1112 extracts encrypted

10026640-122701

content location information from the content
selection document and decodes the encrypted content
location information, the content distribution
server verifying part 1113 verifies validity of
5 location of the content by extracting the location
authentication information from the received content
selection document, the content distribution request
part 1104 sends a distribution request for the
content if the validity is verified, and the content
10 receiving part 1106 receives the content distributed
from the content server according the distribution
request.

In the system, the content distribution
server and the copyright protection system 1300 are
15 separated, and, information is not exchanged between
the content distribution server and the copyright
protection system 1300 when the content is
distributed. Therefore, load of the content
distribution server is decreased and a large-scale
20 content distribution system can be constructed.

In addition, unlike conventional way, the
whole of the content selection document is not
encrypted. Since only the content location
information is selectively encrypted, efficient
25 content billing can be performed by including a
plurality of items of encrypted content location
information in the content selection document
according to billing types.

In addition, by encrypting the content
30 location information, it can be prevented that a
third party uses the content. Different from the
conventional technology, it is not always necessary
that the content is encrypted in the content
distribution server. Therefore, the content
35 receiving terminal 1100 can omit a decoding process
for the encrypted content so that computing amount
can be decreased.

10026640-122701

In addition, since the copyright protection system 1300 sends the location authentication information for verifying validity of location of the content to the content receiving terminal 1100, the content receiving terminal 1100 can verify validity of the location of the content. Therefore, it can be prevented that the content receiving terminal accesses an invalid server for receiving illegal content so that the billing process can be performed appropriately.

Fig.5 is a block diagram showing a configuration example of a content distribution system according to a second embodiment of the present invention. The content distribution system 2000 shown in Fig.5 includes a content receiving terminal 2100 and a copyright protection system and content distribution server 2200, in which the copyright protection system and content distribution server 2200 is configured such that a copyright protection system and a content distribution server are implemented in a server. The content receiving terminal 2100 and the copyright protection system and content distribution server 2200 are connected via a network 2400.

Like the copyright protection system 1300 of the first embodiment shown in Fig.2, the copyright protection system and content distribution server 2200 encrypts the content location information which represents location of content which is, for example, audiovisual data. Then, the copyright protection system and content distribution server 2200 generates a content selection document 2300 which includes encrypted content location information, location authentication information for verifying validity of location of content, and a signature for verifying validity of the copyright protection system and content distribution server

2200. Then, the server 2200 sends the content selection document 2300 to the receiving terminal 2100.

Like the content receiving terminal 1100
5 in the first embodiment shown in Fig.2, the content receiving terminal 2100 verifies the signature in the content selection document 2300, decodes content location information corresponding to content which is selected by the user, and verifies validity of
10 location of the content. Then, the content receiving terminal 2100 sends a distribution request of the content specified by the content location information to the copyright protection system and content distribution server 2200, and receives the
15 content distributed according to the distribution request.

As mentioned above, the copyright protection system and the content distribution server can be implemented in a server. In this case,
20 the content location information may be address information or directory information in the server.

Fig.6 is a block diagram showing a content distribution system according to a third embodiment of the present invention. The content distribution
25 system 3000 shown in the figure includes a content receiving terminal 3100, a copyright protection system 3200, a content server group 3400 and a content holder 3600. The copyright protection system 3200 and the content distribution server 3400
30 are connected to the content receiving terminal 3100 via a network 3500.

The content holder 3600 generates a content selection document 3700 which includes content location information indicating location of
35 content which is audiovisual data and access control information (billing information and the like) which relates to the content, and the content holder 3600

10026640-122701

sends these generated information to the copyright protection system 3200.

10026640 "122701

5 The copyright protection system 3200
converts the received content selection document
3700 to a content selection document 3300 suitable
for sending to the content receiving terminal 3100.
At this time, the copyright protection system 3200
provides location authentication information for
10 verifying validity of location of content, encrypts
content location information on the basis of the
access information and provides a signature for
verifying validity of the copyright protection
system 3200 which is a source of the content
selection document. The location authentication
15 information can be issued by the content holder or a
content server operator instead of the copyright
protection system 3200.

20 Like the content receiving terminal 3100
in the first embodiment shown in Fig.2, the content
receiving terminal 3100 verifies the signature
included in the content selection document 3300,
decodes the content location information
corresponding to content which is selected by the
user, and verifies validity of location of content.
25 Then, the content receiving terminal 3100 sends a
distribution request of the content specified by the
content location information to the content
distribution server, and receives the content
distributed according to this distribution request.

30 Although the copyright protection system
encrypts both of the content location information
and the location authentication information in the
above-mentioned first to third embodiments, only the
content location information may be encrypted.

35 As mentioned above, it is necessary to
embed the location authentication information for
verifying validity of location of content and the

encrypted content location information in the content selection document. For embedding the location authentication information and the encrypted content location information, XMK

- 5 (eXtensible Markup Language) which is becoming popular as a description language of data exchanged on the Internet can be used.

XML is a general data description language by which a user can define tags freely. Thus, the
10 tag (location authentication information tag) indicating the location authentication information and the tag (encrypted information tag) indicating that content location information is encrypted can be defined in XML. In W3C, standardization of XML-
15 signature which can provide a signature to a part of a document is being carried out. The XML-signature is a standard for representing information on signature by using an XML document by using tags. In addition, signature information can be embedded
20 in a document of html or XML by using a text format according to the standard. Accordingly, it becomes possible to use XML for embedding the location authentication information and the encrypted content location information in the content selection
25 document.

Fig.7 shows a structure of the XML-signature. As shown in Fig.7, the XML-signature begins with a Signature element 4000. The Signature element 4000 includes a SignedInfo element 4100, a
30 SignatureValue element 4200, a KeyInfo element 4300. The SignedInfo element 4100 includes an algorithm used for providing signature, URIs of signed subjects and hash values of signed subjects. The SignatureValue element 4200 is a signature value for
35 the SignedInfo element 4100, and used for verifying whether the SignedInfo element 4100 is not tampered. The KeyInfo element 4300 is key data for verifying

10026640-122701

the signature value.

When the XML-signature is used for embedding the location authentication information for verifying validity of location of content, a URI
5 of authentication information for the content distribution server generated by an authentication station or by the copyright protection system is embedded in the Reference element 4130, and authentication information generated by the
10 authentication information is embedded in the SignatureValue element 4200. In addition, the algorithm used for generating the authentication information is embedded into the SignedInfo element 4100, and a key for verifying the authentication
15 information and a sharing method of the key are embedded in the KeyInfo element 4300.

When embedding the encrypted content location information in the content selection document, Element-Wise XML Encryption (refer to
20 <http://lists.w3.org/Archives/Public/xml-encryption/2000Apr/att-0005/01-xmlenc>) which is proposed by Murayama in IBM Tokyo Research Laboratory can be used. This enables to perform encryption on element by element in the XML document.
25 As shown in Fig.8, a cryptogram and the algorithm used for the encryption can be embedded in an encrypted element.

As mentioned above, according to the present invention, the content distribution server
30 and the copyright protection system are separated, and, information is not exchanged between the content distribution server and the copyright protection system when the content are distributed. Therefore, load of the content distribution server
35 is decreased and a large-scale content distribution system can be constructed.

In addition, the whole of the content

10026640-122701

selection document is not encrypted. Since only the content location information is selectively encrypted, efficient content billing can be performed by including a plurality of items of encrypted content location information in the content selection document according to billing types.

In addition, since the copyright protection system sends the location authentication information for verifying validity of location of the content to the content receiving terminal, the content receiving terminal can verify validity of the location of the content indicated by the content location information. Therefore, it can be prevented that the content receiving terminal accesses an invalid server for receiving illegal content so that the billing process can be performed appropriately.

Especially, the copyright protection system can encrypt the content location information appropriately by providing the access control information of content such as the billing type to the content selection document.

The present invention is not limited to the specifically disclosed embodiments, and variations and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the invention.

30

35

10026640-122701